The Potter And The Clay <u>Romans 9: 19-24</u>







GOD IS SUPER ANGRY!!

<u>Verse 19 - 20</u>

Did God make Pharoah resist His will?

Was Pharoah created from eternity past, pre-programmed to resist God's will?

If so, "Why does He still find fault?"

Think about what you know about God: God is not the author of confusion or evil God is perfectly righteous God cannot act in a way that is contrary to who He is God knows all things

God knew that Pharoah, *of his own free will,* would not heed God



A man argument, a Pharoah argument, a Judas argument:

"Why have You made me like this?"

God did not make them like this

God is simply using their unrepentant sin state to accomplish His purpose



Our Sovereign God can use the clay for His purposes

The same clay (the same lump) can be used for different purposes = the lump is Israel!

Out of Israel, one lump will be for honor and one lump for dishonor

<u>Honor</u> = believing Israel; <u>Dishonor</u> = unbelieving Israel

Paul is using this illustration, taken out of the Old Testament, of the potter and the clay

In Romans, the potter and the clay are all about Israel, not individual salvation!

The vessel of honor is true Israel, believers in Messiah

The vessel of dishonor is unbelieving Israel, those who <u>do not</u> believe in Messiah

<u>Verse 22 - 23</u>

Vessels of wrath <u>vs</u> vessels of mercy

<u>Wrath</u> = "orge" = refers to God's severe and divine displeasure against sin

Notice God's disposition to those under divine wrath:

- "... endured with much <u>longsuffering</u>"
- ("makrothumia" = slow to heat up, patient with people)

"the vessels of wrath prepared for destruction"
("Prepared" is in the passive voice = the people prepared themselves for destruction)

It was not God who prepared them; they rejected mercy, grace and compassion!

God offered mercy to Pharoah, to Judas and to Israel, all rejected it!

Notice who God blesses:

"... the vessels of mercy"

Who are "the vessels of mercy"? BELIEVING ISRAEL!!

<u>Verse 24</u>

Focus change: Israel to us = Believers!

Notice the word usage change: From Israel's election, or choosing, to the "called" God's calling = "kaleo" = a divine invitation to participate in the blessing of redemption This is an invitation to salvation, to be part of the body of Messiah

This is not saying God has called a portion of Jews and Gentiles to salvation in a manner in which they cannot reject His call

God's invitation to salvation is global and universal; it is an invitation to <u>all</u>, not simply a few!

<u>John 3: 16</u> <u>2 Peter 3: 9</u>

CLOSING THOUGHTS:

Is salvation "monergistic"? = God only = Calvinism

Is salvation *"synergistic"*? = God and man = Arminianism

What I see in Scripture, *God is the means of salvation exclusively*!

Depraved people cannot come to God on their own initiative John 6: 44 - <u>NOT US</u>!

Depraved people are born into the kingdom of darkness and must be forcibly extracted from the kingdom of darkness to be saved - <u>Colossians 1: 13-14</u> - <u>NOT US</u>!

Depraved people do not seek God on their own -<u>Romans 3: 11</u> - <u>NOT US</u>!

Depraved people are given the grace to believe – <u>Ephesians 2: 8-9</u> – <u>NOT US</u>!

What about us? Our job is to *believe* and *receive* the gift of salvation Believe and receiving are <u>NOT</u> works!

Hopefully, we have gone through the Scripture with a literal hermeneutic!

Biblical Interpretation

A literal-grammatical-historical hermeneutic is *literal* in that it seeks to understand the normal or plain sense of each Bible passage. Robert Thomas describes this method when he states: "Take each statement in its plain sense if it matches common sense, and do not look for another sense."[1]

Robert L. Thomans, Evangelical Hermeneutics- The New Versus the Old (Grand Rapids, MI: Kregel, 2002), 155

I have done my best to present a correct Biblical interpretation

- In heaven, I will discover where I have errored
- Thankfully, God is merciful! I am sure glad of this, and hopefully you are also!

HE IS THE POTTER! I am the clay

